

Sec 3.2 page 188(1-9)

① $f(x) = (1+2x^2)(x-x^2)$

multiplication

$$x - x^2 + 2x^3 - 2x^4$$

$$f'(x) = 1 - 2x + 6x^2 - 8x^3$$

product rule

$$f = 1 + 2x^2 \quad g = x - x^2$$

$$f' = 4x \quad g' = 1 - 2x$$

$$4x(x-x^2) + (1-2x)(1+2x^2)$$

$$4x^2 - 4x^3 + 1 + 2x^2 - 2x - 4x^3$$

$$f'(x) = 6x^2 - 8x^3 - 2x + 1$$

Same

② $F(x) = \frac{x^4 - 5x^3 + \sqrt{x}}{x^2}$

simplify

$$F(x) = x^2 - 5x + x^{-3/2}$$

$$F'(x) = 2x - 5 - \frac{3}{2}x^{-5/2}$$

quotient rule

$$f = x^4 - 5x^3 + x^{1/2} \quad g = x^2$$

$$f' = 4x^3 - 15x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} \quad g' = 2x$$

$$\frac{x^2(4x^3 - 15x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}) - 2x(x^4 - 5x^3 + x^{1/2})}{(x^2)^2}$$

$$4x^5 - 15x^4 + \frac{1}{2}x^{3/2} - 2x^5 + 10x^4 - 2x^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{2x^5 - 5x^4 - \frac{3}{2}x^{3/2}}{x^4} = \frac{2x - 5 - \frac{3}{2}x^{-5/2}}{2}$$

Same

③ $f(x) = (x^3 + 2x)e^x$

$$f = x^3 + 2x \quad g = e^x$$

$$f' = 3x^2 + 2 \quad g' = e^x$$

$$= e^x(x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 2)$$

④ $f(x) e^x = g(x)$

$$f = x^{1/2} \quad g = e^x$$

$$f' = \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} \quad g' = e^x$$

$$\frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{x}} + e^x \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{e^x}{2\sqrt{x}}(1+2)$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{e^x}{x^2} = y$$

$$f = e^x \quad g = x^2$$

$$f' = e^x \quad g' = 2x$$

$$\frac{x^2 e^x - 2x e^x}{x^4} = \boxed{\frac{e^x(x-2)}{x^3}}$$

$$\textcircled{6} y = \frac{e^x}{1+x}$$

$$f = e^x \quad g = 1+x$$

$$f' = e^x \quad g' = 1$$

$$\frac{e^x + x e^x - e^x}{(1+x)^2} = \boxed{\frac{x e^x}{(1+x)^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{7} g(x) = \frac{3x-1}{2x+1}$$

$$f = 3x-1 \quad g = 2x+1$$

$$f' = 3 \quad g' = 2$$

$$\frac{6x+3-6x+2}{(2x+1)^2} = \boxed{\frac{5}{(2x+1)^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{8} f(t) = \frac{2t}{4+t^2}$$

$$f = 2t \quad g = 4+t^2$$

$$f' = 2 \quad g' = 2t$$

$$\frac{8+2t^2-4t^2}{(4+t^2)^2} = \boxed{\frac{8-2t^2}{(4+t^2)^2}}$$

$$\textcircled{9} f(y) = (y^{-2} - 3y^{-4})(y + 5y^3)$$

$$f(y) = y^{-1} + 5y - 3y^{-3} - 15y^{-1}$$

$$f(y) = -14y^{-1} + 5y - 3y^{-3}$$

$$f'(y) = 14y^{-2} + 5 + 9y^{-4}$$

$$\text{or } \boxed{\frac{14}{y^2} + \frac{9}{y^4} + 5}$$