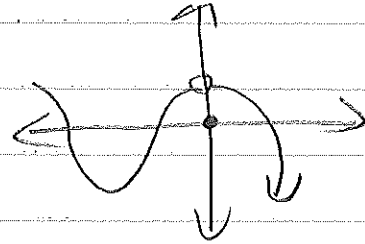


Sec 2.4 day 2 page 122 (17, 19, 20, 22, 28, 33, 35, 41, 42, 51)

(17)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x & \text{if } x < 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 1 - x^2 & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$



~~$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \text{DNE}$~~

not
cont at 0

(19)

$$R(x) = x^2 + \sqrt{2x-1}$$

$x^2 \rightarrow$ poly thm 7, thm 4

$\sqrt{2x-1} \rightarrow$ root

$$D = x \geq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \left[\frac{1}{2}, \infty\right)$$

(20)

$$G(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}(1+x^3) = \sqrt[3]{x} + x^{10/3}$$

$\sqrt[3]{x} \rightarrow$ root

$\sqrt[3]{x^{10}} \rightarrow$ root

thm 7, thm 4

$x^{10} \rightarrow$ poly

$$D = (-\infty, \infty)$$

(22)

$$h(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x+1}$$

$\sin x \rightarrow$ trig

$x+1 \rightarrow$ quad poly thm 7, thm 4

$\frac{\sin x}{x+1} \rightarrow$ rational

$x+1$

$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, \infty)$$

$$(26) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \sin(x + \sin x) \Rightarrow \text{cont } \mathbb{R}$$

$$= \sin(\pi + \sin \pi)$$

$$= \sin(\pi + 0)$$

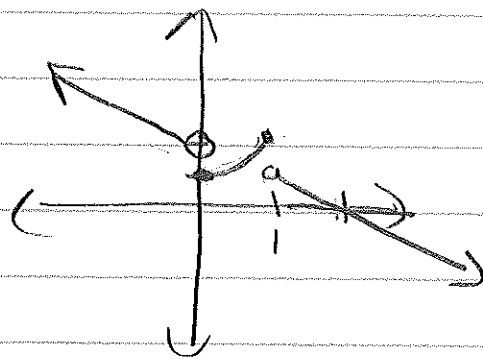
$$= \sin \pi$$

$$= 0$$

(33) discon at $x=0$ and $x=1$

$x=0$ con right

$x=1$ con left



$$(35) \begin{cases} cx^2 + 2x & x=2 \\ x^3 - cx \end{cases}$$

$$x^3 - cx$$

$$c(4) + (4) = 8 - c(2)$$

$$4c + 4 = 8 - 2c$$

$$6c = 4$$

$$c = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(41) f(1) = -1$$

$$f(2) = 15 \quad \therefore \text{by IVT } \exists x \text{ s.t. } f(x) = 0.$$

$$(42) | -x - \sqrt[3]{x} = 0$$

$$f(0) = 1 \quad \therefore \text{by IVT } \exists x \text{ s.t. } f(x) = 0.$$

$$f(1) = -1$$